Limitations

Invalid characters – These characters in file names aren't supported when you sync OneDrive for Business	<, >, :, ", , ?, *, /, \
	Icon
	.lock
	CON
These file names aren't supported when you sync OneDrive for Business	PRN
	AUX
	NUL
	COM1
	COM2
	COM3
	COM4
	COM5
	COM6
	COM7
	COM8
	COM9
	LPT1
	LPT2
	LPT3
	LPT4
	LPT5
	LPT6
	LPT7
	LPT8
	LPT9
	Any filename starting with ~\$
	desktop.ini
	vti (Note: "_vti_" cannot appear
These folder names aren't supported in OneDrive for Business	anywhere in a file name)
	_t
	_W
	vti (Note: "_vti_" cannot appear
	anywhere in a folder name)
Do not use the following file names:	

COM1, COM2 etc.

LPT1, LPT2, etc.

PRN, AUX, NUL, CON, Icon, desktop.ini, .lock, file name that starts with \sim \$

Do not use the following characters:

$\big|,\, ?,\, {}^*,\, /,\, \backslash\, <,\, >,\, :,\, ",\,$

DON'T try to sync your entire hard drive.

OneDrive has numerous limitations, like 300,000 items for the sync client, or 400 character limit for files and folders, and these limits could potentially be reached if you try to drag and drop a whole drive or system folder into OneDrive. So don't do that, keep OneDrive for your real documents.

DON'T sync PST files to OneDrive. PST (Personal Storage Table) If you still rely on PST files to archive your old emails, Never, by any chance, move your active PST files to a OneDrive folder that is being synchronized to the cloud. Active means files you have opened in Outlook, so that you can still search stuff on them. These files are kept permanently opened while you have Outlook opened, and usually they are huge files, containing gigabyes of email, stored in a non-structured text database. If you try to sync it, it will never finish, as the file will be locked by Outlook. And it will create infite versions of itself in the cloud. Worse than that, each PST will also create a .SAV file that will also have same issue. So, just don't sync it. You can upload them to a non-synced folder for backup purpose, but make sure to copy to a local and non-synced folder before you open those in Outlook.

Careful: Uploading, downloading, or moving a large number of files at once, would take an

extended period of time before the sync process can complete. The client showing "syncing"

icon or displaying "processing changes" during this period is not necessarily an indication of

a problem. You can always click the OneDrive taskbar icon to see the status of content that

is in the process of syncing.

<u>Sync folder location set to a network drive</u> - You can't add a network or mapped drive as your OneDrive sync location.

<u>Shared with Me</u> - You can't synchronize the Shared with Me view grouping of files from a OneDrive for Business site.

Open files can't be synced - A file that's currently opened by an application can't be synced by the OneDrive desktop app. To sync the file, close any application where the file is currently being used, and then sync the file.

DON'T sync your OneNote files - OneNote has its own sync process, so make sure to <u>use OneNote</u> <u>option</u> to move your notes to the cloud.

Do not build Deep Hierarchy Folder structure.

DON'T send email attachments - The "Attach File" command in new Outlook versions will show you the last modified files in your OneDrive folder (make sure you are using Office 365 or 2016 for best experience). And it will use the Modern Attachments method - instead of sending a copy of the file by email, a link will be sent and file will be shared with the email recipients (and you can decide if they will have read only or edit rights).